



According to Safe Work Australia

Printing date 08.06.2021 Revision: 08.06.2021

1. IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Name: 4FARMERS DICLOFOP-METHYL 500 EC SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

Other Means of Identification: Mixture

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use: Agricultural herbicide

Details of Manufacturer or Importer:

4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd 70 McDowell Street Welshpool WA 6106

Phone Number: +61 8 9356 3446

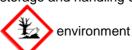
Emergency telephone number: National Poison Information Centre: 13 11 26

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Nature:

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.

Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMSBC criteria. However, this is a C1 Combustible Liquid so must be stored and handled as specified in AS 1940 "The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids."



Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Sensitisation 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Flammable Liquids 4 H227 Combustible liquid.

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements

H227 Combustible liquid.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P330 Rinse mouth.

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P370+P378 In case of fire: Use for extinction: CO2, powder or water spray.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P391 Collect spillage.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Characterization: Mixtures

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Components:			
64742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	<50%	
	Flammable Liquids 4, H227		
51338-27-3	Methyl 2-(4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenoxy)propionate	50%	
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4, H302; Skin Sensitisation 1, H317		

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if breathing problems develop.

Skin Contact:

In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eve Contact:

In case of eye contact, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.

Information for Doctor:

Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress (e.g. cyanosis, tachypnoea, intercostal retraction, obtundation) and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO2 50 mm Hg) should be intubated.

Intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so that hyperventilation improves clearance.

A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilisation of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of pneumothorax.

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically.

For acute exposures to chlorophenoxy compounds the usual methods of gut and skin contamination (lavage, charcoal, cathartic) are recommended in the first several hours. Alkalisation of the urine and generous fluid replacement have the added benefit of treating any myoglobinuria present. Monitor metabolic acidosis, hyperthermia, hyperkalaemia, myoglobinuria and hepatic/renal dysfunction. for 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D) and its derivatives.

Symptoms Caused by Exposure:

Inhalation: Inhalation of high concentrations of vapour can cause headaches, dizziness and other CNS effects. If aspirated into the lung, e.g. from vomiting, the presence of solvent may result in chemical pneumonitis or other lung damage.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

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Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water fog, foam, dry chemical and carbon dioxide.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Hazardous combustion products include oxides of carbon, hydrogen chloride, phosgene, and other pyrolysis products.

Combustible liquid.

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Containers close to fire should be removed if safe to do so. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:

When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Wear Safe Work Australia approved respiratory protection and full protective clothing. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Extinguish all sources of ignition. Avoid sparks and open flames. No smoking.

Environmental Precautions:

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Stop leak if safe to do so and absorb spill with sand, earth, vermiculite or some other absorbent material. Collect the spilled material and place into a suitable container for disposal. Provide adequate ventilation.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of vapours. .

Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Protect from heat, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep away from strong oxidising agents and acids.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Standards:

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

Engineering Controls: Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area.

Respiratory Protection:

Use a Safe Work Australia approved vapour respirator under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentrations of mist or vapour, inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation) and engineering controls are not feasible. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

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Skin Protection:

Elbow-length PVC gloves, cotton overall buttoned to the neck and wrist, safety boots and a washable hat. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 2161, 2210.1 and 2210.2 for more information.

Eye and Face Protection:

Eye and face protectors for protection against splashing materials or liquids. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Form: Liquid
Colour: Brown
Odour: Petroleum

Odour Threshold: No information available

pH-Value: 4-5 Melting point/Melting range: <0 °C

Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: ~200 °C (solvent) Flash Point: 65-92 °C (PMCC)

Flammability: Combustible Liquid Class 1
Auto-ignition Temperature: No information available

Decomposition Temperature: No information available

Explosion Limits:

Lower: 0.6 Vol % **Upper:** 7 Vol %

Vapour Pressure: No information available

Relative Density at 20 °C: 1.08-1.12

Vapour Density:No information availableEvaporation Rate:No information available

Solubility in Water: Miscible

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces and direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon, hydrogen chloride and phosgene.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

LD ₅₀ /LC ₅₀ Values Relevant for Classification:				
64742-95-6 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.				
Oral	LD ₅₀	>6800 mg/kg (rat)		
Dermal	LD ₅₀	>3400 mg/kg (rab)		
Inhalation	LC₅₀/4 h	>10.2 mg/l (rat)		

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Acute Health Effects

Inhalation:

Inhalation of high concentrations of vapour can cause headaches, dizziness and other CNS effects. If aspirated into the lung, e.g. from vomiting, the presence of solvent may result in chemical pneumonitis or other lung damage.

Skin: May cause skin irritation. **Eye:** May cause eye irritation. **Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Sensitisation possible through skin contact.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

Reproductive Toxicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met. **Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:** May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic Health Effects: No information available

Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No information available

Additional toxicological information:

The Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for diclofop-methyl for a human is 0.002 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based on the NOEL of 0.25 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species. (Ref: Comm. Dept. of Health and Ageing Office of Chemical Safety, 'ADI List', June 2014).

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Diclofop-methyl is not toxic to birds and bees.

Aquatic toxicity:

Very toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and Degradability: Half-life for diclofop-methyl is typically 60 days.

Mobility in Soil: Low mobility in soil.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods and Containers: Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:

Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number

ADG Not regulated

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Proper Shipping Name

ADG Not regulated

IMDG ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha

(petroleum), light arom., methyl 2-(4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenoxy) propionate), MARINE

POLLUTANT

IATA ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha

(petroleum), light arom., methyl 2-(4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenoxy) propionate)

Dangerous Goods Class

ADG Class: Not regulated

IMDG Class: 9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles.

Packing Group:

ADG Not regulated

IMDG, IATA Ш Marine pollutant: Yes

Symbol (fish and tree)

Hazchem Code: •3Z

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances:

64742-95-6 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

51338-27-3 Methyl 2-(4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenoxy)propionate

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:

Poisons Schedule: 6

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 08.06.2021

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

 LC_{50} : Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD_{so}: Lethal dose, 50 percent IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)

Flammable Liquids 4: Flammable liquids - Category 4 Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4 Skin Sensitisation 1: Skin sensitisation, Hazard Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute). Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic). Category 1

Disclaimer

This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - December 2011"

The information contained in this material safety data sheet is provided in good faith and is believed to be accurate at the date of issuance. 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd makes no representation of the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the information and to the full extent allowed by law excludes all liability for any loss or damage related to the supply or use of the information in this material safety data sheet. cautioned to make their own determinations as to the suitability of the information provided to the particular circumstances in which the product is used.