### Turf Control

**Active Constituent**: MCPA 300g/L, Clopyralid 20g/L and Diflufenican 15g/L  
**Formulation**: SC

**Typical Situations**: Turf and lawns.

**Chemical Group**: F & I  
**Mode of Action**: Foliar, shoot and some root uptake, readily translocated – causes unregulated growth, inhibits carotenoid synthesis and destroys cells.

**Indicative Price ex GST**: $15.00/L  
**Typical Pack Size**: 10L

**Poison Schedule**: 5  
**Dangerous Goods Class**: -  
**UN**: -  
**Packing Code**: -

**Withholding Period**:  
- Harvest: N/A  
- Grazing: Do not graze or cut for poultry or stock food, or use as mulch; residues are highly damaging to susceptible plants.

**Plant Back**: 3 months for over-seeded turf.

**Application Method**: Boom spray 200-500L/ha  
**Rain fastness**: 4 hours

**Efficacy**: Apply to young, actively growing weeds in moderate temperature.

**Adjuvants**: Non-ionic surfactant for hard to wet weeds (Wetter 1000).

**Compatibility**: Not recommended – insecticides and fungicides may be possible, however leaf scorching may occur.

**Incompatibility**: Grass selectives and knockdowns.

**Water Quality**: Hard water may reduce efficacy.

**Time to Effects and Symptoms**: 1-3 weeks - yellow/white spotting, twisting and cupping, flattening and loss of turgor may all occur followed by death.

**4F Broadacre Registrations**:  
**4F Other Registrations**: Turf (extract listed).

**Similar Product Registrations**: As above.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Situation</th>
<th>Target Weed/s</th>
<th>Rate/ha</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turf, Lawns</td>
<td>White Clover, Plantain, Capeweed, Cats Ear, Bin-dii, Cud-weed, Creeping Oxalis</td>
<td>5L</td>
<td>Kikuyu, Carpet grass and Queensland Blue couch are slightly more sensitive to this product and may display transient yellowing. Some buffalo grasses may display more pronounced effects - test small areas first.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Comments**  
*Do not* mow for 3-4 days prior to or post application.  
**CARE**: Be wary of drift; many species are highly susceptible (e.g. Brassica, tomato, kangaroo paw, roses, grapes, pulses).  
Use higher water rates where possible.  
Avoid exceeding application rates through overlapping.